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CANOVAS STILL PREMIER. HE WITHDRAWS HIS RESIGNATION BY ROYAL REQUEST.

The Queen Regent Urges This After Consulting the Leaders of All Parties - Canevas Pronones to Offer Cuba More Liberal Reforms. Weyler, It Seems, Is Not to He Recalled,

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUR. MADRID, June 6 .- After conferences with the leaders of all the political parties, the Queen Regent urged Prime Minister Canovas del Castillo to withdraw his resignation and he has done so.

The Queen Regent also consulted with Mar shals Lopez Dominguez and Blanco, who concurred with Marshal Martinez Campos against continuing Captain-General Weyler in office to direct the execution of the reforms in Cuba.

Subsequently the Queen Regent summoned Sefor Canovas and informed him of her intention to continue him in office, together with the members of his Cabinet, who resigned with him, including the Duke of Tetuan, whose altercation with Sefior Comas was one of the principal causes that led to the crisis.

The Cabinet held a meeting this afternoon, after which it was announced that the Government did not intend to make any change in the ommand in Cuba

The Conservatives are delighted with the result of the crisis, while the Opposition are astonished and displeased. Señor Sagasta, the head of the Liberal party, advised the Queen Regent to recall Captain-General Weyler and to opt a very liberal policy in regard to Cuba Nevertheless, the Liberal leaders bow to the decision of the Queen Regent.

LONDON, June 6.—The Madrid correspondent

of the Times explains that the surprising solution of the Cabinet crisis was due to the desire of Señor Canovas to vindicate his amour propre regarding the recent action of the Opposition Later he will find occasion to so modify the Cabinet as to satisfy the opposition, and remove the deadlock before the Cortes reassembles, which will probably not be for some months yet. The modification will doubtless include the appointment of a successor to Captain-General Weyler.

The Madrid correspondent of THE SUN writes under date of May 26, some facts of special interest now that Canovas is to remain in power.

He says: "The absence of the Liberals from the Cortes cannot fail to bring about a crisis in the Cabinet. The situation is similar to that of 1880 when Premier Canovas turned his back upon the Deputies and abandoned the chamber, although a prominent member of the opposition was then addressing himself to the Premier. This happened at a time when Canovas's will was supreme, but he had to comply with King's desire and give full satisfaction to the offended opposition. Canovas could not have done otherwise. Martinez Campos had just failed as Premier, and Sagasta's devotion to the monarchy was still suspected, while Moret, Montero Rios, Martos and others were still Republicans, Pidal was with the Carlists, and Gamazo and Silvela were scarcely beginning to win reputation. Had Canovas then resigned, as he threatened to do, he would have been accused of leaving the monarchy at the mercy of the revolution.

"Circumstances are now different. Canovas would like to withdraw, and could do so without fear that the dynasty would remain unprotected, for there are now several men who, were they called to office, would do in behalf of the monarchy as much as Canovas himself could do. "Will Canovas retire! Not without reason has Spain been called the land of the vice versu. The rules of logic count for nothing here. It is not the unexpected but usually the abourd that comes to pass in Spanish politics. With rare unanimity the nation has long pronounced itself against the continuation of the Conservative party in office. Public demonstrations are frequently held against a Government whose policy takes the country to the abyss; and yet no one here would be surprised if, either because Sagasta refuses to form a Ministry or will not concur with the Conservatives in an intermediate Cabinet, Canovas should in the end remain in office. they called to office, would do in behalf of the

concur with the Conservatives in an intermediate Cabinet, Canovas should in the end remain in office.

"The greatest obstacle against the continuation of Canovas in power is that he declared in the Chamber of Deputies that he assumed all the responsibility for Gen. Weyler's policy in Cuba. Now that almost everybody in Spain asks that Weyler be superseded, for his failure in Cuba is beyond question, how could Canovas recall Weyler and yet remain in office! No such thing could occur anywhere outside of Spain; but, absurd though it be, the measure would simply confirm once more that Spain is the land of the vice versa.

"The indications are that whether Canovas or Sagasta rues, Weyler's days in Cuba are numbered. He must go, because even Canovas is now persuaded that the greatest obstacle in the way of pacification is the Marquis de Tenerife, whose bloody traditions are incompatible with the spirit of reforms.

"The Premier is now convinced that force of arms alone will never accomplish any positive results in Cuba, and so he now intends to enact a more ample scheme of reform than those decreed in February. How far these reforms will go is not known, but Premier Canovas will in no case give true home rule to Cuba.

"Señor Jupuy de Lome has been instructed to sound Cubans of prominence living in the United States, and, if possible, agree with them upon a plan of autonomy which may be acceptable to both Spain and the Cubans will have no reason to complain if they now come to terms with us. With a little good will on both sides a ground may be found upon which Spain and Cuba may unite and successfully strive for the welfare and happiness of both portions of the nation. Spain will give as much as she can possibly give; let Cuba on her side renounce all that is not essential to her aspirations and is detrimental to Spain's sovereignty."

"The distinguished representative of the

aspirations and is detrimental to Spain's sovereignty.

"The distinguished representative of the Cuban revolutionists in Madrid, to whom these remarks were addressed, replied:

"I do not see what the Cubans living in the United States can have to do with the proposed scheme. If a compact is contemplated, it is not through these persons that the revolutionary authorities are to be reached. If the insurgents in arms are to be ignored when autonomy is established, the Spanish Government need not ask the Cubans in the United States what kind of autonomy would disarm the revolution. These Cubans may speak for themselves, but they have no authority to speak in the name of those who are lighting.

Sept.

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nighting.

"I am afraid that in the face of the collapse of the autonomist party, the Spanish Government is trying to impress upon Europe and the United States that the higher classes in Cuba prefer autonomy to independence. But the Government's action is a proof of Spain's weakness.

"If autonomy is a proof of Spain's weakness.

"If autonomy is as acceptable to Spain, why was it not established, as the Cubans wished, when the Island was at peace! If Weyler's soldiers have overcome the rebellion, why does the Government now attempt to allure the Cubans with promises of home rule!"

Marquis de Enbeil in Washington.

Washington, June 6.-Marquis de Rabell and A. P. Larezzetto, his private secretary, arrived in Washington this evening, coming directly from Havana. They went to the Shore-bam, where the Spanish Minister's carriage soon called and took them to the Spanish Lega-tion. They were in consultation with Mr. De Lome until midnight. It is believed they are on some important mission in relation to Cuban affairs.

NEEDLE PRICKED HER FINGER. A Hospital Nurse III with Blood-Poisoning After Helping a Surgeon.

Miss Rosa Rossow, a nurse at the German Hospital, was assisting Dr. Jacob Frankenberg on Tuesday in an operation for appendicitis upon Mrs. Laura Wasserman, at 14 East Ninetysecond street. The index finger on Miss Rossow's right hand was pricked by a needle which had been used in the operation. Her finger became sore from blood-poisoning and the whole arm was involved. An operation was performed at the hospital, where Miss Rossow's condition is considered serious. Mrs. Wasserman died on Fridar.

Real old German lager beer, brewed and botsled by Beadleston & Woers, 291 West 10th st., E. Y.—Adv.

SHOT PERCY STACKHOUSE.

Known Kentucky Trotting Horse Trainer. LEXINGTON, Ky., June 6.-J. Breckinridge Payne, a scion of one of Kentucky's most famous amilies, shot and perhaps mortally wounded Percy Stackhouse, the well-known driver and trainer of trotting herses, to-day. Payne, whose ancestral acres had been sold to satisfy creditors, has been making the residence of young Stackhouse's father, the Rev. T. C. Stackhouse a widely known Baptist preacher and breeder of trotting horses, his home for several months. To-day be and Percy got in a road cart and went after strawberries. Payne objected to the fast driving of Stackhouse, and the latter told Payne he could walk. This angered Payne, and he knocked Stackhouse's hat off. They had a row,

which was renewed when they returned to the Stackhouse residence. Payne told Stackhouse that he had been inulted, and the latter retorted that he could leave the place if he did not like the way he had een treated. Payne drew his pistol, but Stackhouse rushed on him before he had time to use it and held him from behind. Payne managed to get his right hand loose and fired four shots over his shoulder. One struck Stackhouse in the left hip, shattering the bone and producing what may be a fatal wound. Another struck him in the left jaw and came out at the back of his neck, making a dangerous wound. Another shot struck a bedstead, and the fourth went through the door into a room where Miss Carrie

Stackhouse was dressing, falling at her feet. Payne ran on to the porch, reloaded his and was about to reenter the room when Miss Carrie appeared and ordered him off the premises. Payne left, surrendered to the authorities, and was released on \$250 bonds, Payne is closely related to the Breckinridges, Wickliffes, and Prestons. Col. W. C. P. Breckinridge has been retained for his defence.

VERISCOPE TREASURER KILLED.

William Scribner Falls Down the Elevator Shaft at the Company's Headquarters.

William Scribner, Secretary and Treasurer of the Veriscope Company, fell down the eleva-tor shaft last evening from the sixth floor to the easement of the factory building at 244 West Twenty-third street. He was almost instantly cilled. The Veriscope Company was organized to take photographs of the Fitzaimmons-Corbett prize fight, with Dan A. Stewart at its head. Mr. Scribner was the Secretary and Treasurer of the company from its organization, and it was part of his duties to keep the books. After the prize fight the company rented the sixth floor of the building on Twenty-third street for a laboratory and offices.

Mr. Scribner and W. H. Clark, one of the company's clerks, were at the office yesterday writing up the books for May. The building has a hydraulic passenger elevator, the shaft of which is near the centre of the floors. There are few persons in the various shops and factories on Sundays, and Adolph Hoffstadt, the owner of the building, does not have an elevator attendant there between Saturday evening and Monday morning. Those who have business at the building on Sundays walk upstairs or else run the elevator themselves. Mr. Scribner and the other men who work in the veriscope laboratory were in the habit of using the elevator. the management of which had been explained to

Yesterday Scribner and Clark went to the uilding about noon, and rode up to their office. When they reached the sixth floor they let the down when they reached the sixth moor they let the car remain there, in readiness to take them down when they ind finished their work. They were busy all the afternoon. Mr. Clark got through about 6 o'clock, and went out to dinner. He rode down in the elevator, and left it at the ground floor. He expected to return in the evening.

at the ground floor. He expected to return in the evening.

Mr. Scribner remained until 6:45. On reaching the elevator shaft he found the car at the ground floor. He opened the gate at the elevator shaft, and, leaning into the shaft, started the car up by pulling the controlling cable. He intended to let the car run up to the sixth floor, taking his hand off the cable only to allow the roof of the car to pass, and then stopping it. He had done this successfully many times before.

It is supposed that the car got beyond Mr. Scribner's control yesterday, and that when the roof had passed him, he was not able to catch the cable inside. The car ran up to the seventh floor. Mr. Scribner leaned into the shaft again to get the cable and run the car back. In doing this he lost his balance, and fell

back. In doing this he lost his balance, and fell into the shaft. The distance to the bottom is about seventy feet, and Mr. Scribner, who is a heavy man, struck on his head and shoulder. His skull was fractured.

As Mr. Scribner fell he gave a cry of alarm. John Wilson, the Veriscope Company's watchman, heard him and notified the police of the accident. An ambulance was called from the New York Hospital. The surgeon found Mr. Scribner dead. Coroner Tuthill issued a permit for the removal of the body to Mr. Scribner's house, 56 Morton street. The dead man was 56 years old, and leaves an invalid wife.

SHE COLLARED THE SANDY HOOK. The Torpedo Boat Porter Steams All Around the Fleet Stenmbont.

Passengers on the fleet steamboat Sandy Hook on her trip down the bay yesterday morning noticed, shortly after passing Fort Wadsworth, a low, rakish little boat, with black upper works and black funnels, about two miles astern, and apparently in hot pursuit of the Sandy Hook. The Sandy Hook is a sister boat of the Monmouth, and about the fastest craft that plies in the harbor, but the pursuer steadily gained on her. The Captain of the Sandy Hook unwilling to be beaten in his first brush of the season, piled on all steam, but, as the little boat astern drew closer, he made her out as one of Uncle Sam's new flyers. It was the torpedo boat Porter. The Sandy Hook, after saluting the Porter, tried to redouble speed, but the Porter was soon abreast. When she got a safe distance ahead, she turned around almost in her own length and passed the Sandy Hook, going in the other direction.

It took the Porter exactly two minutes and a half to come up from a position 1,000 yards

It took the Porter exactly two minutes and a half to come up from a position 1,000 yards astern of the Sandy Hook, to circle her bow and drop back to her former position. The Sandy Hook again saluted her, and the salute was echoed by the cheers of the passengers.

The Porter was on a preliminary trial trip. She is one of the two torpedo boats ordered by former Socretary Herbert to be built by the Herreshoffa. These boats were required to have a speed of twenty-seven knots. The Porter was completed last February and was known for some time as torpedo boat No. 6. Her sister ship will probably be completed next month.

On her first trial trip, before she was accepted from her builders, the Porter attained a speed of 28.78 knots. Her final trial trip will be held on Wednesday next. She has been lying at the Brooklyn Navy Yard for a week. Since Tuesday she has been in the dry dock being repainted. The trip yesterday was made in order to work all the dust out of the bearings of her engines. She started at \$1.30 and went out to the Sandy Hook lightship, making the trip in 36 minutes from the Battery, which is at a speed of 28 knots an hour. After leaving the lightship the Porter went up to Elizabethport to coal, and returned to the yard a little before 3 o'clock. Her officers say that she can do thirty-one under pressure. They claim for her the distinction of being the fastest boat in the navy. She has a crew of twenty-eight men. The trial trip on Wednesday will occupy twelve hours, and will probably be around Long Island.

JAPAN'S DEMANDS ON HAWAII. They Are Submitted Again in Bather More Vigorous Language.

HONOLULU, May 31. via San Francisco, June 6.—Much discussion was caused by the formal call paid to-day by the Japanese Minister Shimamura on Minister of Foreign Affairs Cooper. It is the general belief that he again demanded an explanation of the rejection of the Japanese

explanation of the rejection of the Japanese immigrants.

Mr. Cooper denied that he received any official communication from the Japanese Minister, but from other sources it is learned that his denial was simply diplomatic evasion. The Japanese Minister made a second demand upon the Hawaiian Government, couched in plainer and more vigorous language than the lirst.

ANOTHER URBANA VICTIM.

RECEIVED IN THE LYNCHING RIOT.

the Action of the Mob-Military Escort When Sherts McLain and Capt. Leonard Go Back-Bushnell for a New Beath Penalty

added to the fatalities of Friday morning here preceding the lynching of the negro Mitchell when Wesley Bowen died last night, Bowen was shot in the hip, having two wounds. The physicians had some hopes of his recovery, but on Saturday morning his strength gave way, and in the afternoon his decline was rapid. Bowen lived at Cable, a small town on the Pennsylvania Railroad, northeast of the city,

and he was one of the many country people who formed a large part of the crowd that surrounded the jail and court house on Thursday night. Wank, the other man whose condition was considered critical, is not improved, and although his death has been expected, there is hope that he may survive. There was a mass meeting of the women of

pression may be given to the universal sorrow

regret that existing laws make such things possible, and to take some action whereby the lawmakers shall be petitioned to do all in their and inexcusable."

that pervades our city over recent events, and

"Blake and Dye: Accept congratulations on tected at all hazards. Something should be

Charles Anthony and Lieut, Startzman of Springfield came to Urbana last evening to inover to the mob and the militia sent up stairs in the jail, and the Springfield company ordered jail who were let out by the mob.

was not let loose. He was sick in bed, and was so frightened at the threats to blow up the jail that he became quite ill.

Sheriff McLain is staying quietly at the home of his brother-in-iaw, A. J. Weaver, on Linden avenue at Dayton. Great effort was made to keep the whereabouts of the Sheriff a secret, and even after it became known that he was in Dayton it was with the greatest difficulty that he was found. The purpose of the secrecy was to avoid interviews.

The Sheriff is completely worn out. In explanation of his departure from Urbana, he said he left at the solicitation of his frienda and that while he had no personal fear, he deferred to their wishes in the matter.

Boyonit this extensort the Sheriff begged to be excused from talking. He was married a couple of months ago, having just taken his office this spring. In his absence Robert Miller has been appointed Sheriff. He was the occupant of the office before McLain was elected.

Harry Bell, whose death has caused much comment, was a broom maker by trade, and worked at the factory at Urbana, as did also Lieut. Campbell of the militia, and since the fot the other employees have notified the company not to allow Campbell to retrun to work. The sentiment against the members of the militia is strong, the people seeming to think that they should have fired over the heads of the mob. An examination has been made of the guns used by them, and it was found that some had fired seven or eight shots, while others had not fired at all.

Ten of the Urbana militia have been staying in Springfield and may not be allowed to return home. They slept in the Third Regiment Armory and now are scattered about the city staying with frienda. Most of them left the city to-night for other places. As an example of the feeling against them, yesterday one of them was at the station when a train came in from Urbana, and a friend of his stepped off. He went up to his friend and put out his hand to greet him, but the proffered hand was refused, the man saying he would not shake hands with any of the militia who had killed the innocent men.

the man saying he would not shake hands with any of the militia who had killed the innocent men.

Gen. Axline said that he went to Urbana to look over the property of the State and make some investigations as to the cause of the firing of the militia. He also inquired as to the danger to the officers and soldiers. He feit that the guards were acting under orders and wanted them to return. He was told by the officials that in their opinion the feeling was not sufficient against the guards to make their return dangerous. Gen. Axline visited the scenes of the trouble and conversed with a number of citizens in regard to the officers. He returned to Columbus this evening.

This morning at 10 o'clock a large crowd of people attended the funeral of Upton Baker, who was filled at the lynching. It was held at Pleasant Hill Chapel near Springfield, and was conducted by the Rev. G. W. Arnold. The remains were laid in the cemetery adjoining, the coffin being literally covered with flowers from friends.

The funeral of Harry Bell will occur to-morrow afternoon, and will be one of the largest ever held in this city. A great many people from Springfield will attend, owing to the fact that Miss King, who was to have been his bride, is well known and highly respected there.

Deputy Sheriff Korby said to-night that it would not be safe for Sheriff McLain or Capt. Leonard to return until after the Bell funeral, as there are threats against him. Mrs. McLain went to join her husband at Dayton last evening.

ing.

A great crowd visited Urbana to-day. All who had wheels or could secure them rode to the scene of the lynching. Everything is quiet to-night and it is believed that the Sheriff and the militia may return to Urbana with safety effer towards.

the scene of the lynching. Everything is quiet to-night and it is believed that the Sheriff and the millita may return to Urbana with safety after to-morrow.

COLUMBUS, O., June 6.—It will probably be necessary to escort Capt. Leonard and Sheriff McLain, who figured in Urbana's lynching tragedy on Friday, back to town with State troops. Adjt.-Gen. Axline returned from Urbana to-day convinced that such is the feeling against these officers in Urbana that their appearances there now might incite a riot resulting in violence to them. On arriving here Gen. Axline found a letter from Capt. Leonard, dated at Cincinnati, recounting his actions in the riot and asking his advice about returning to Urbana. Gen. Axline ordered the Captain to come here at once, and thinks he should go directly to his home. The Captain's entire course in the riot is approved by Gen. Axline. No word has been received from Sheriff McLain. Gen. Axline thinks McLain's action was cowardly, but says he will protect him if he returns to Urbana.

Gov. Bushnell to-night in an interview said that he favors the death penalty for criminal assault. He said:

"If we had laws upon our statute books which would make the penalty for criminal assault death, we would have a great many less crimes of that character. One reason the people are disposed sometimes to take the law into their own hands is because they think the law is too slow and the punishment is too slight and too uncertain. They are afraid that when such a crime as that committed upon Mrs. Gaumer, a respectable citizen of Urbana, is done the law will fail to impose a penalty equal to the magnitude of the offence.

"If there is one crime in the world," continued the Governor, and his eyes snapped with earnestness and indignation, "that should be punished with death if is that of criminal assault. It is human nature for men to rise up and defend the honor of their wives and daughters, and to wreak summary vengeance upon the scounderly who assaults them. It has always been so and it always will be

friendly to Bryanism. This fact was stated yesterday to a Sun reporter by one of the men who attended the conference of various representatives of the various local Bryan organizations held in the Café Boulevard, on Second avenue, on Saturday night.

'We are satisfied," said he, "that Tammany Hall will be all right: that she will reiterate the principles of the Chicago platform and nominate a candidate for Mayor whom we can support. I believe that Whitney, Hill, Flower and the others who have repudiated their party will take this medicine with the hope that they can get their hooks in after election. They are going to be surprised. We may be amateur politicians, but there are some of us who can look as far ahead as those old-timers. We recognize that a victory which gave us only an administrative officer or so would amount to very little toward the realization of the principles which we advocate. We must have friends in the Legislature to help us, and Judges on the bench who will not be prejudiced against us.

on the bench who will not be prejudiced against us.

"One reason why we think that the gold-bug corporation Democrats will sit quiet and permit a Bryan man to be nominated for Mayor is their belief that we do not see far enough to know that it is a good thing to have friendly Judges on the bench. They will be surprised when they learn that one of the things we will insist on is that Tammany shall not renominate either Justice Van Brunt or Justice Andrews, whose terms expire this year. Neither will we assent to the nomination of Hill's candidate. Alton B. Parker, for Associate Judge of the Court of Appeals. It is not time yet to say who our candidates for Judges are, but we will have some. We are already pushing the work in the State and are well organized in Eric county especially. We are fighting for our party principles, and we purpose that the Democracy shall put only Bryan men in nomination, especially for legislative and undical offers."

purpose that the Democracy shall put only Bryan men in nomination, especially for legislative and judicial offices."

The Committee on Political Activity of the Progressive Democratic League will hold a secret session at the Hotel Bartholdi. One of the things which, J. F. Durlacher, Chairman of the committee, said yesterday, will be considered at the meeting will be a proposition to keep the actions of the organization secret from the newspaper press.

actions of the organization secret from the newspaper press.

Mr. Durlacher is of the opinion that the League could do more effective work if so much were not retailed by its members regarding its intentions and its information. He was especially annoved because This Evn got and published the fact which came out in the Second avenue conference on Saturday night that Bryan was not to be invited to address the Union square meeting in favor of municipal control of franchiess, because Tammany's leaders had agreed that he should be invited to speak in Tammany Hall on July 4. Mr. Durlacher admitted, however, that all that his committee might do could not control the members of other organizations who participated in that conference. As to the Progressive Democratic League, though, he said he believed that news which they do not want printed can be successfully smothered.

James Paradise Oliver, who is a member of Mr. Durlacher's committee and has had some experience with newspapers, will oppose the Durlacher's scheme.

The Independent Bryan League of Working-

experience with newspapers, will oppose the Durlacher scheme.

The Independent Bryan League of Workingmen is anxious to ally itself with the Workingmen's Political League, which is made upin part of delegates to the Central Labor Union. A member of the Bryan League said yesterday that a proposal, or suggestion, was made in that direction which will probably be considered at a meeting this week. None of the members of the Workingmen's Political League would say whether or not they were in favor of allying themselves with the Bryan League that organization is going in for "home rule and municipal ownership of franchises," and does not want Bryan to come here at present and complicate things.

A member of the Workingmen's Political

A member of the Workingmen's Political e said that his organization League said that his organization would go in for labor candidates for municipal offices and for Assemblymen, and that Tammany Hall had promised to give them a number of candidates, Jacob E. Bausch would again be run for Coroner with a Tammany Hall Indorsement, according to the present programme.

with a Tammany Hall indorsement, according to the present programme.
Each election district, it was stated yesterday, is to be organized at once by the Workingmen's Political League, which has appointed the following committees:

Organization—C. H. Hibberd, proofreader: Eugene Johnson, musician, Henry Meisel, bartender: Frank J. Bieyler, stereotyper George W. Jonne, clothing cutter. Finance—H. O. Cole, bricklayer: Samuel Jacobeon, cigarmaker; John O'Connell, cigar salesman; John N. Bogert, printer; Louis Woiders, cigarmak r. Mass Meetings—Jacob E. Bausch, wood carrer; John T. Lawrence, clothing cutter; E. J. Gerhaghty, George K. Dunn, and Eiward Friday.
Press—George Blair, box maker; E. F. Farrell, printer; Samuel Prince, cigar pack-r.
Resolutions—John S. Henry, wood carver; John Smith, steamfuter's helper; Bernard Davis, cigarmaker; Nicholas Kuhn, John F. Maher, coachman.
Printing—George W. McKay, printer; Patrick Coyle, marble worker, Frederick Miller.

INTERVIEW WITH-GUESS WHOM. On the Impropriety of Auything but Local In-

A Tammany leader talked yesterday. He Aidn't want his name printed when the conversation ended. He said to a Sun reporter: "What's de use of shoving national issues in

ter dis campaign ! What's national issues got ter do wid a Mayor of Greater New York 1 Take dat man Low dey's talking about; why, we can beat him in a walk. Didn't he come out strong for de arbitration treaty, which would benefit only England ! Didn't he now, say !" "Yes, he did," replied the reporter.

"Didn't he attend the Cooper Union got up to boom the treaty f" continued the Tam nany leader.
"Yes, he did," rejoined the reporter.
"Wouldn't that hurt him with the Irish f"

queried the Tanmany man, and without waiting for a reply he added: "Well, I guess! We
wouldn't do a thing to him because he was silent
on Cleveland's English treaty,"
"You are willing to introduce international
issues and not national ones!" ventured the reporter.
"Eh!"

The comment was repeated.
"Oh, say, now," replied the Fourteenth street
indian, "You're too smart to eat, see !" Indian. NO STATE CONVENTION.

The Republican State Committee Will Attento the State Campaign. Senator Platt returned to Washington last

night. Before going he talked at the Fifth Avenue Hotel with President Quigg of the New York Republican County Committee and National Committeeman Frederick S. Gibbs. The conversation had to do, it is said, with the general conference of Republicans, to be held to-night. upon the representation in the city convention of the different counties making up Greater New York.

It may not be particularly startling informs tion, but nevertheless it should be recorded that the May-blossom June-bug campaign of the Citizens' Union came in for little or no discussion. The talks with Mr. Quigg and Mr. Gibbs brought out, it was said, a wholesome state of affairs in all the Republican strong-

TURKEY IS FIRM.

She Tenaciously Insists Upon Maving Thessal; Back Again.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUR. CONSTANTINOPLE, June 6 .- The tenacity that the Turks are displaying in their demand for the re-annexation of Thessaly promises to make the work of arranging a peace treaty a laborious task.

WILL EDREM PASHA GO TO LONDON?

It is Said He Will Represent Turkey at the Queen's Jubilee. Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

CONSTANTINOPLE, June 6 .- It is reported that Edhem Pashs, the Commander-in-Chief of the Turkish forces in Thessaly, will represent the Sultan at the approaching jubilco celebrations

DROWNED IN AN ALPINE FLOOD. A Waterspout Causes Loss of Life and Property in the French Aips.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUR. PARIS, June 6.-A terrible disaster, caused by a waterspout, has occurred in the eastern part of the Department of Isere, among the French Alps, and it is feared that there has been considerable loss of life. The waterspout broke in the neighborhood of the little River Morge, causing that stream to burst its banks and it undate the adjoining country. A number of persons were caught in the flood and drowned, and their bodies were swept away by the rush-

ing waters. A large number of houses and workshops were flooded, and the foundations of a church were undermined and the structure collapsed. The bed of the railroad running near the river was washed out in several places, and all traffic on the line was blocked. The growing crops suffered severely. The damage done will amount to millions of francs.

A MOB AT CAPE MAY.

Constables Hurt-A Platform Falls and Severa Persons Injured.

CAPE MAY, N. J., June 6 .- Shortly after the teamer Republic from Philadelphia landed 3,000 passengers here to-day a few sharps began playing craps. Three constables undertook to arrest them and a fight followed. The constables at last succeeded in arresting one man and lodging him in a hotel billiard room, not however, until Constables Reeves and Chambers had been badly hurt. While the crowd was surging about, a platform fell about six feet. Several of those who were on it were slightly injured.

The mob then turned its attention to the billiard room and demanded the release of the prisoner, threatening to demolish the place. The constables kept it back for a few minutes and then the crowd in the rear shoved those in front orward and the constables were overpowered. The prisoner got away.

LANDSLIDE ON RIVERSIDE. It Took a Boy and a Man Down 125 Feet and Injured Them Severely.

Charles Sweeney, a nine-year-old boy living at 445 West Thirty-third street, and Charles Har-ris, 33 years old, of 804 Columbus avenue were sitting at the edge of the Riverside Drive embankment at 122d street at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon when the ground gave away beneath them and both slid down 125 feet to the raiload tracks beneath

Sweeney was injured internally and also received a severe scalp wound. Harris was badly cut about the head and face. Both were removed to the J. Hood Wright Hospital, where it was said last night that they would recover.

JUMPED FROM A CAR WINDOW. Cambier Williams Makes His Escape While on the Way to Prison.

Tucson, Ariz., June 6.-Jack Williams, the escape from the Sheriff yesterday by jumping from the window of a swiftly moving train while manacled. Sheriff Scott White and his deputy of Tombstone were on their way to the Yuma Penitentiary with Williams and two Mexican prisoners. Williams was going to serve a tenyear sentence for holding up a faro game at Bisbee. The train was stopped as soon as possi ble and the officers went in pursuit, but the man had disappeared.

SUICIDE OF ROGER W. KEEP. He Had Undermined His Health by Hard Study

at College. LOCKPORT, N. Y., June 6.-Roger W. Keep, a Tale man, 31 years old, and worth \$200,000 killed himself to-day by putting a bullet through his heart. He was a son of the late Charles Keen, Lockport's wealthiest citizen. Young Keep had been in poor health for some time, an had just returned from Florida unimproved. He was a deep student, and undermined his health by study while in college. The young man was a great favorite here, and was un married.

TRIED TO FIRE A TENEMENT. Hundred Persons Endangered by a Firebuy

in Henry Street. Fire was discovered in an unused closet in the basement of the five-story, double-deck tene-ment bouse at 195 Henry street last evening, and after it had been extinguished a bottle half full of kerosene oil and a pile of oil-soaked rags were found in the closet.

The smoke from the fire entered every room n the building, and all of the tenants, 100 in number, ran out of the house. No damage was

BANKER PALMER'S GIFT.

Presents \$20,000 to an lowa Institution Whose Name Is Changed to Palmer College. ELDORA, Ia., June 6. - Francis A. Palmer President of the National Broadway Bank in New York city, has given to Legrand Colleg \$20,000, and as the result of the gift the name of the institution has been changed to Palmer

Fire in a Chicago Newspaper Office. CHICAGO, June 6 .- Shortly after 3 o'clock this morning fire was discovered in the Dispatch newspaper office, on Fifth avenue. The build-ing was also occupied by the Chicago Ledger and Blade, and was damaged to the extent of \$2,000. The wooden partitions in the editorial rooms of the Dispatch were destroyed. The fire burned through the floor and caused consider-able damage to J. F. Rowin's printing establish-ment, which is on the third floor.

an Octogenarian Philadelphian Lost. James C. Keating halls from Philadelphia, and He was found down on Pier 8, No-th River, last night, and was taken to the Church street police station, where he said he was 82 yearsold. He had a railroad ticket, and from this the police think he is bound from Philadelphia to New Rochelle. The ticket was stamped at Philadelphia yesterday. The police are caring for him till more may be ascertained about him. that is about all the police can learn about him.

Barbaroesa Here for the First Time. The new North German Lloyd steamship Barbarossa completed yesterday her first trip from Bremen to this port. She has made one trip to Australia. She is of the same type as the Fried-rich der Grosse and the Koenigen Luise. She has twin screws, measures 6,385 tons, and is commanded by Capt. A. Richter, formerly first officer of the Saale. She brought 46 cabin and 444 steerage passengers.

444 steerage passengers. The Son of Coren's King Arrives SAN FRANCISCO, June 6 .- Among the passen gers on the steamer Coptic, which arrived from China and Japan to-day, were Eni Wha, son of the King of Cores, whose intended visit to this country has been announced.

HEALER SCHLATTER DEAD.

PRICE TWO CENTS.

STARVED HIMSELF IN THE MOUN. TAINS NEAR CASA GRANDE, MEX.

Skeleton Found by American Prospectors in a Gorge Through Which the Puetns Verdas River Runs-Effects Showed That It Was Schlatter's Body-Seen Last by Cowborn,

EL Paso, Tex., June 6,-A week ago on last Friday two American prospectors found in the foot hills of the Sierre Madre on the Puetas Verdas River, thirty-five miles southwest of Casa Grande, in the State of Chihushus, all that emains of Francis Schlatter, the "Divine Healer," who, a year ago, was the subject of much wonderment throughout the Western States, particularly in the Southwest. The prospectors' attention was attracted to his camp by spying a saddle astride a limb in a dead tree high up in a gorge through which the river runs. Schlatter's skeleton was found lying stretched out on a blanket close up to the tree. His bones were bleached white, and alongside lay the copper rod and a miniature baseball bat.

Piled up alongside the trunk of the tree were saddlebags, a large memorandum book, a pack-age of letters bound by a rubber band, some blankets, and six suits of underwear. A Bible and a canteen were alongside the pile, and the canteen was half full of water. The saddle ropes and some extra clothing were directly over the skeleton on a limb of the tree. In a knot hole in the tree were found needle, thread, and buttons. In the inside cover of the Bible was inscribed the name "Francis Schlatter." under two verses in prayer followed, by the signature "Clarence J. Clark, Denver, Col." There were no signs of violence, and the prospectors believe Schlatter died of self-imposed starvation as there were no cooking utensils of any kind in

The Jefe Politico at Casa Grande was notified on May 36, and on June 2 the skeleton and effects were brought to that village, where the authorities hold them awaiting a claimant. Casa Grande is situated fifteen miles from the present terminal of the Rio Grande, Sierre Madre and Pacific Railway-a new line for the past year under construction from this city to Casa Grande, Americans at Casa Grande examined the letters and other effects and pronounced them undoubtedly those of Schlat-ter. An Indian informed the authorities that several months ago he came upon a gray horse in the neighborhood where the camp was found. The horse was hobbled. A Mormon cowboy said that during the month of November last Schlatter rode up to his camp, fifty miles west of Casa Grande, on a gray horse He was unarmed, carried no provisions or cooking utensils, refused to eat anything, and said he was fasting. The cowboy said his visitor seemed strange and preoccupied, and during the few hours at his camp cured the cowboy's horse of a swelling on the back and forelegs by rubbing his hands over them. He identified the saddle at Casa Grande as that of his visitor in November. It bears the mark of a Denver man-

Francis Schlatter, three years ago, was a shoe cobbler in Denver, and earned a precarious living at his trade. He began to hear "silent" voices, as he said, and in obedience to their commands gave away his tools and began a pilgrimage toward the Pacific coast. He was arrested several times as a vagrant and thrown into jails. He footed the entire distance, and returned to New Mexico, where he was heard of among the Indians as the messiah in the early park of last year near Albuquerque. The news-paper reporters discovered that he was followed by mobs of Indians and that he cured the sick by touching the afflicted with his hands. He fasted for forty days, laboring continuously, and went to Denver, where he was besieged daily by immense throngs from all parts of the country. He suddenly disappeared from there when some fakirs were arrested for selling handkerchiefs blessed by him, against whom he was summoned as a witness. He was soon afterward found in New Mexico, travelling through the most uninhabited part, going southward. He was last seen by cowboys near Lordsburg, nine months ago, going toward the Mexican line.

CHINESE MONUMENTS IN MEXICO.

Inscriptions on a Rock Indicate that Chinese Were There Two Thousand Years Ago. HERMOSILLO, Mex., June 6,-The rock recently discovered in the mountains of the Magdalena district, State of Sonora, which is covered with Chinese inscriptions, has just been visited by Sen Yuep, a well-educated Chinese of Guaymas. He says that the inscriptions are Chinese, but are somewhat indistinct. He made a copy of them and has translated enough of the lines to show that the writing was probably in-

scribed on the rock at least 2,000 years ago. There are ten lines of characters on the park of the rock in view, and some of the lines may be still buried under the earth. There are an cient Chinese tombs and monuments to the north of Magdalens, near the mining camp of Jacoba, These have never been explored. Sen Yuep asserts that in the history of China there is a tradition that an exploring expedition divided into eighteen parties landed on the western coast of what is now Mexico over twenty centuries ago.

PRETTY GOOD FOR A BLIND MAN. Brasilian Minister Recognizes Bimself in a

Tribune Portrait of Dupuy de Lome. Here is a letter which has not seen the light before, although the Chicago Record has corrected the original error: Washington, May 81.

To the Editor of the New York Tribuns. DEAR SIR! I read in your paper of the day before yesterday a transcription from the Chicago Record giving me out to the world as a blind man, which is not true, as you will verify by the perusal of this letter, written by my own hand. Yesterday your paper printed my portrait to do service for trait of my colleague, Mr. Dupuy de Lome. Is not this

CHINESE ON OUR SOUTH BORDER It is Thought They Intend to Join Us if They

a clearer case of blindness than mine? Yours truly,

SALVADOR DE MENDONCA.

Torreon, Mex., June 6 .- Several carloads of Chinese have passed through here on the Mexican Central and the Mexican International railoads during the past fow weeks, and it is be lieved that they are to be passed over into the United States at some point on the Rio Grande, When these large shipments of Chinese toward

A LIFE FOR A KITE.

A Boy Falls from a Tree, Breaking His Spins, Collar Bone, One Arm, and a Leg.

PATERSON, N. J., June 6 .- George Greenway, 13 years old, of 76 Clinton street, climbed a tree this afternoon to release a playmate's kite. As he climbed out on a limb it broke and he fell to the ground. His spine, left leg, collar bone, and left arm were broken and he was paralyzed from the waist down. He was taken to the deneral Hospital and the doctors say he cannot recover,

Three Firemen Killed in San Francisco. San Francisco, Cal., June 6 .- A fire oc . curred to-day in the Standard Biscuit Company's works which resulted in the death of three firemen. The fire started at noon and a high wind caused the flames to spread rapidly. John Moholy of the chemical engine was caught by falling brick and called for help. Frank Kel-ley and James Hallinan rushed to his aid, when the whole wall fell upon them, crushing them almost beyond recognition. The loss on the building was \$50,000 and on stock \$25,000.

Breckinridge Parne Wounds the Well-

WESLEY BOWEN DIES OF WOUNDS

Women Hold a Mass Meeting and Commend

URBANA, O., June 6 .- One more victim was

the city last evening, at which the ac-tion of the crowd in hanging Mitchell was commended. They have called a mass meeting for Monday afternoon at the opera house. They will take steps to memoralize the Legislature and organize a committee to receive funds for the families who may need help.

The call says the meeting is "that some ex-

power to render mob law altogether unnecessary A despatch was received here yesterday from John G. Monrose of Columbus starting a fund

for the families bereaved by the recent trouble. work of so-called mob. Women must be prodone for families of those killed. Put me down

for ten dollars." Adjt.-Gen. Axline of Columbus with Col. estigate matters. They will probably try to discover why the keys of the jail were given some just at the time that they were needed. None of the prisoners has been returned to the

The doors on the cells in the lower part of the all are so fixed that when one is unlocked all are open. When the cell in which Mitchell was confined was opened all those on the first floor were unlocked, and the men stepped out. Z. T. Lewis, the forger, was on the second floor, and was not let loose. He was sick in bed, and was so frightened at the threats to blow up the jail

at all.

Ten of the Urbana militia have been staying in

ole."
The Governor said he had discussed infor-nally the establishment of the death penalty or oriminal assault with one of the Judges of

the Supreme Court, and had found the Judge's views in the matter to coincide with his own.

Cincinnati, June 6.—Capt. George Leonard of the Third Regiment of Ohlo National Guard, who gave the order to fire on the mob at Urbana, is still in this city and in hiding, having left the hotel, where he was registered under an assumed name, early yesterday morning. Capt, Leonard called on Col. C. D. Hunt of the First Regiment of this city at 3 o'clock this afternoon, but did not stay long and did not inform Col. Hunt where he was staying. He still seemed depressed, but appears to be somewhat improved in spirits now that he is away from the scene of the battle with the mob and has had some rest. It is not likely that he will return to Urbana until after to-morrow, the time of the funeral of the men killed by the militia.

Col. Hunt tried to encourage Capt. Leonard, pointing out to him that according to the regulations of the militia, which he was bound to respect and obey, he had simply done his duty. Col. Hunt himself has had an experience something of the kind. He was in charge of the militia guarding the court house in this city twelve years ago when it was burned by the mob. At Col. Hunt's command the militia fred on the rioters repeatedly, how many of the mob were killed was never definitely known, but, according to burial permits issued, it was estimated that the number was not less than seventy-five.

It was reported to coincid with his absolute was not less than seventy-five.

It was reported to chief that Corporal Vance of foregape D which did the absolute was not est the principles of the momination of judicial and legislative candidates who are friendly to Bryanism. This fact was stated yes.

not less than seventy-five.

It was reported to-night that Corporal Vance of Company D, which did the shooting, and a private soldier had also arrived in the city and were passing under assumed names.

TALK OF MARTIAL LAW IN URBANA. CLEVELAND, Ohio, June 6.—A report was cur-rent here to-night that Urbana and Champaign counties will be placed under martial law if further disorder arises from the Urbana lynch-

TRIED TO LYNCH THE NEGRO. & Constable in Delaware County, Pa., Pre-

vents Summary Action by a Mob. CHESTER, Pa., June 6.-Edith MacBride, the year-old daughter of Charles MacBride of Janwellyn, Chester county, was the victim of an attempted assault this afternoon by a negro. When the discovery was made an infuriated crowd of men started in pursuit of Albert Burton, a young negro living at Upper Darby. He was found lurking in the neighborhood. A description had been given of him by the child and an effort was made to apprehend him. Bur-

and an effort was made to apprehend him. Button fled across the fields in Springfield township with the crowd of men at his heels armed with clubs, revolvers, and a rope.

Knowing that the mob in pursuit was bent upon lynching the alleged culprit, Constable Albert Taylor and his brother. G. C. Taylor, saddled horses and started after them. They soon distanced the crowd, and after three hours' search in the fields they captured Burton at Secane, where he had Jumped on a railroad train. Robert Moore caught the negro and held him until Constable Taylor secured him. He was taken before a Justice of the Peace at Glen Olden and committed to the county jail at Media, where he was safely lodged before the pursuers overtook him. Burton was afterward identified by the child as her assailant.

Burton declared his innocence, and said that he ran from the crowd because he feared for his life. Probably only the quick movements of the constable prevented a Sunday afternoon lynching in one of the most peaceful localities in Pennsylvania.

SOLDIERS RAID A TAVERN.

Visiting Artillerymen at Willets Point Go on a Rampage. WILLETS POINT, L. I., June 6,-A party of soldiers of Battery B of the Fifth United States Artillery who are encamped here made a raid last night on a tavern kept by Joseph Winters near the entrance to the post. Two of the offenders were arrested and are now under

guard in the artillery camp awaiting trial. Winters closed his place last night at 11 o'clock and retired. He sleeps alone in the building. He had been in bed about an hour when the house was stormed with stones, breaking many of the windows. Winters got out of bed, took his revolver, and west downstairs. The storm of stones continued until he reached the door. He says a dozen or more soldiers were engaged in the raid. He fired two shots into the crowd and the men ran into the woods near by. Winters then went to the rear of the building and found a soldier hiding under a shed. After compelling him to surrender Winters took his prisoner to the guardhouse. Corporal Roberts went with Winters to his saloon and arrested another soldier.

The officer of the day said the authorities of this post had no power in the matter, as the offence was not committed on the post and the offending soldiers were not under control of the post commander. The prisoners were then taken to their camp, which is just back of the fort, and turned over to Capt. Luigi Lomia.

The prisoners are John Condrey and C. Mason, both privates. Batteries B and C of the Fifth Artilliery arrived here several days ago for the purpose of practising with the heavy guns of the fort. The visiting artillerymen are permitted to leave the post and return at will during the ed, took his revolver, and west downstairs.

cave the post and return at will during the night. A WRECKING CAPTAIN'S PERIL.

A Fighting Crew Forgot That He Moeded Air

ATLANTIC CITY, June 6 .- The Captain of the

in His Diving Bell.

Merritt wrecking tug, now engaged in raising the sunken cargo of the ship Francis, which burned to the water sedge near Beach Haven. narrowly escaped a peculiar death on Friday ast. The Captain in his diving armor went to the bottom, leaving his mate in charge of the deck. The mate and the cook began to quarrel, which soon became a free fight among the crew. The men at the air pump forgot the Captain at the bottom and took a hand in the fight. ow long the air was cut off is not known. To Captain, who was almost suffocated, it

seemed a century; to the crew it was only a few minutes, but when the men brought the Captain to the deck he was almost dead. It took several hours' hard work to restore him to conscious-COM. SHIELDS'S DAUGHTER A BRIDE.

Her Marriage to George A. Litchfield Kept a Secret Over a Mouth. Miss Helen Shields, a daughter of United States Commissioner John A. Shields, was married to George A. Litchfield of 185 Schermerhorn street, Brooklyn, over a month ago, but made the marriage known to their parents only three days ago. Commissioner Shields and his family live at 300 Schermerhorn street. Miss Shields live at 300 Schermerhorn street. Miss Shields and Mr. Litchfield were married by the Rev. Charles Heraid, pastor of the Bethesda Mission, at his residence, 255 Decatur street, on the night of April 29. After the marriage Mr. and Mrs. Litchfield returned to their respective homes and kept the marriage secret until Friday night. They are at present boarding at 360 State street. Commissioner Shields said last night that there was no reason why the marriage should have been kept secret.

MRS. CAREW TAKEN TO HONG KONG.

The Woman Convicted of Killing Her Husband Removed from Yekohama. SAN FRANCISCO, June 6.-Hong Kong advices say that Mrs. Carew, sentenced to life imprisonment for poisoning her husband at Yokohama, is now in the Victoria jail. She was transferred ecretly from Yokohama in charge of a warden

She remained in her stateroom most of the time, but for the last three days appeared on time, but for the last three days appeared on deck. She betrayed no self-consciouances, and appeared to be in good physical condition.

Among the passengers who arrived to-day on the Coptic was Mr. Dickinson, who figured con-spicuously in the Carew poisoning case as the young man who paid much attention to Mrs. Carew. Dickinson came over to Honolulu under an assumed name on the steamer Peru and waited at Honolulu for the Coptic.

Former Convict's Thriving Business with

and a Chinese female servant.

SING SING, N. Y., June 6 .- David McCaun, as x-convict, who has been out of Sing Sing prison only a few months, and whose home is prison only a few months, and whose home is in this village, was arrested to-day on a charge of vagrancy. Upon being searched in the Police Court letters were found on his person which revealed the fact that he had been supplying liquors, cigars, and matches to the convicts. He hid the goods in various places outside the prison walls, but easily accessible to convicts employed about the prison grounds. The letters addressed to McCann were from convicts who thanked him for his services. Warden Sage preferred charges against McCann, who will be tried to-morrow. of vagrancy. Upon being searched in the Police Court letters were found on his person which revealed the fact that he had been supplying liquors, cigars, and matches to the convicts. He hid the goods in various places outside the prison walls, but easily accessible to convicts employed about the prison grounds. The letters addressed to McCann were from convicts who thanked him for his services. Warden well be tried to morrow.

Cieveland in 14 hours and 15 minutes by New York Central. Leave Grand Central station 5:00 P. M., arrive Cleveland 7:15, Toledo 18:00 mers morains. Chicago 5:00 F. M.—44s.